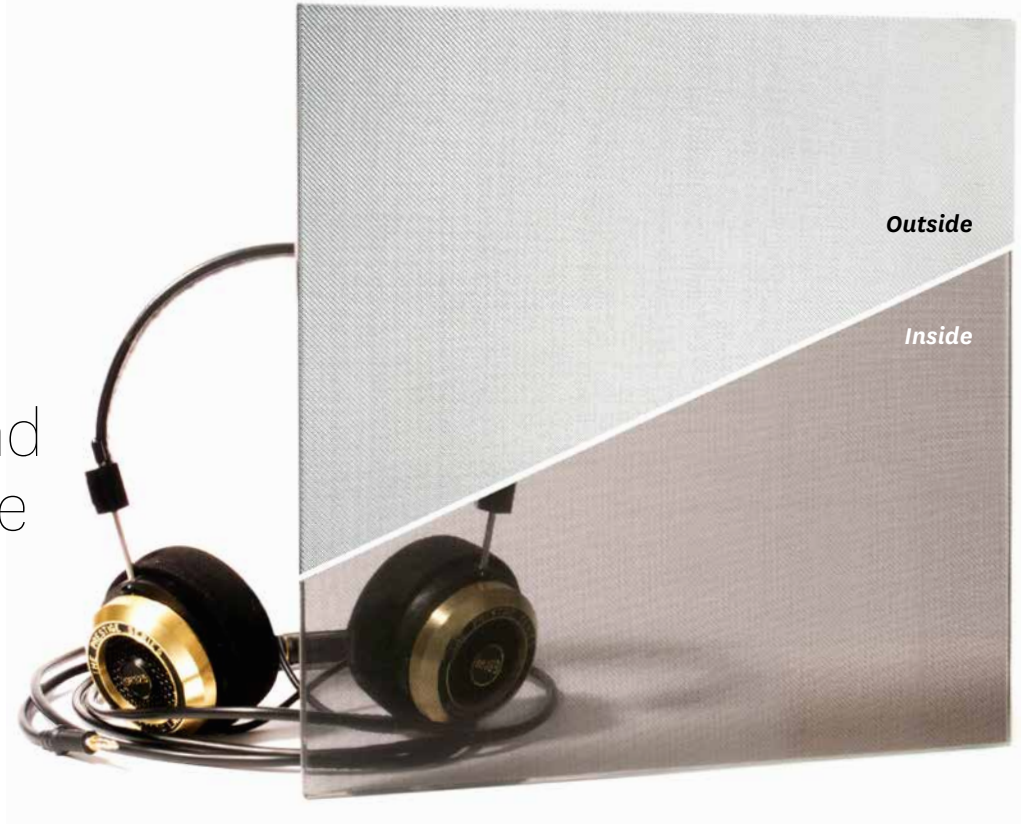


Aesthetic,  
Performance, and  
Maintenance free  
design



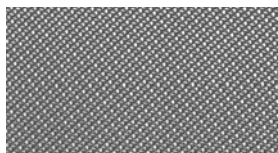
# CHROMAVISION™

Pulp Studio's Chromavision™ was created with both functionality and aesthetics in mind. Its futuristic composition lends characteristics that are both appealing to the eye and efficient in its performance.

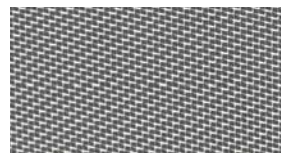
Chromavision™ utilizes high precision fabrics as a substrate for its unique metallic coating. When applied to just one side of the fiber mesh, the metallic coating displays a lustrous reflective look.

Additionally the reflective nature of the coating has a significant influence on thermal conductivity to the opposite side of the glass. The reverse side of the fabric is neutral in color and provides the feel of a pleasantly shaded room with one-way vision to the exterior.

## AVAILABLE IN THREE STYLES



Ref# 2150



Ref# 2155

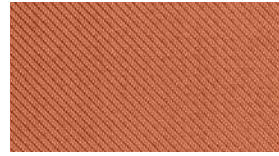


Ref# 2165

**AVAILABLE FINISHES**



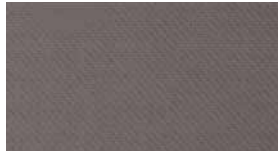
Aluminum



Copper



Gold



Back Side

**Mesh Options**

» Chromavision is available in 3 colors: Aluminum, Copper, and Gold

**Glass Lite Facing Options**

» Laminated (5/16", 7/16" and 9/16")

**Panel Dimensions**

» Units are produced to specified dimensions per project

» Maximum dimensions: 60" X 172"

**Functional Characteristics**

The use of Chromavision results in a significant reduction in light and heat transmission. Below are measurements of Chromavision's light transmission and derived energy transmission information.

2150	2150 Aluminum	2150 PR Copper	2150 PR Gold
g-value (%)	28.7	31.2	33.3
Light transmission Tv (%)	21.7	20.0	19.9

2155	2155 Aluminum	2155 PR Copper	2155 PR Gold
g-value (%)	53.9	52.4	54.5
Light transmission Tv (%)	49.9	46.2	48.7

2165	2165 Aluminum	2165 PR Copper	2165 PR Gold
g-value (%)	50.7	52.2	52.4
Light transmission Tv (%)	44.7	44.4	44.0

G-value equates to how much energy from sunlight reaches the interior of a room via the glazing. The higher the g-value, the higher the passive solar gain.

The lower the value, the better the protection provided against strong sunlight. The g-value is derived from two factors: direct sunlight transmission and secondary heat dissipation.

